



COUNTY GREEN FINANCE ASSESSMENT

Summary Insights Report

April 2024



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Acknowledgments

- This report is the result of the partnership, expertise, and work of numerous specialists from FSD Kenya, Augusto & Co., The National Treasury and Economic Planning, The Capital Markets Authority, ADA Consortium, the Nairobi Securities Exchange, and the County Governments of Embu, Kirinyaga, Kisumu, Laikipia, Nairobi City, Makueni, Nandi, Taita-Taveta, Vihiga, and Wajir.
- FSD Kenya wishes to express particular thanks to the National Treasury and Economic Planning, the Council of Governors, and the County Governments of Embu, Kirinyaga, Kisumu, Laikipia, Nairobi City, Makueni, Nandi, Taita-Taveta, Vihiga, and Wajir. This report would not have been possible with their vision, commitment, and collaboration.

Project Background

- The **County Green Finance Assessment** is related to FSD Kenya's mission to support the development of an inclusive green finance ecosystem in Kenya.
- The 2010 Kenyan Constitution devolved important natural resource and environment-related sectors such as agriculture, water provision and transport to the counties. Thus, counties have a pertinent role to play in Kenya's sustainable development agenda which can only be realised if counties have the requisite capacities and capabilities including financial resources.
- Green finance instruments present an opportunity for counties to generate resources for the much-needed development of county infrastructure such as water piping, county roads and the development of agriculture, in a green and climate-resilient manner.

Partners



Focus Areas of the Assessment

- **Economic and Fiscal Assessment:** County fiscal performance (historical and projected), strengths, challenges, and ability to take on (additional) debt including the consideration of potential revenue generation sources.
- **Credit Risk Assessment:** Estimate the county government's relative likelihood of defaulting on its obligations from capital raising initiatives - including a shadow credit rating.
- **Green Asset and Activity Assessment:** Availability of green investment opportunities in the selected counties.
- **Green Finance Capability Assessment:** County government skills and ability to manage green financial instruments and related projects.

The **Green Finance Market** is defined as the pool of funding constituting a range of green financial instruments that meet the objectives of green finance such as Government Grants; development grants; guarantee funds; subsidies; concessionary loans; commercial loans; results-based finance; blended finance; Green Bonds etc.

The 10 Counties Assessed



**Embu
County**



**Kirinyaga
County**



**Kisumu
County**



**Laikipia
County**



**Makueni
County**



**Nairobi
City County**



**Nandi
County**



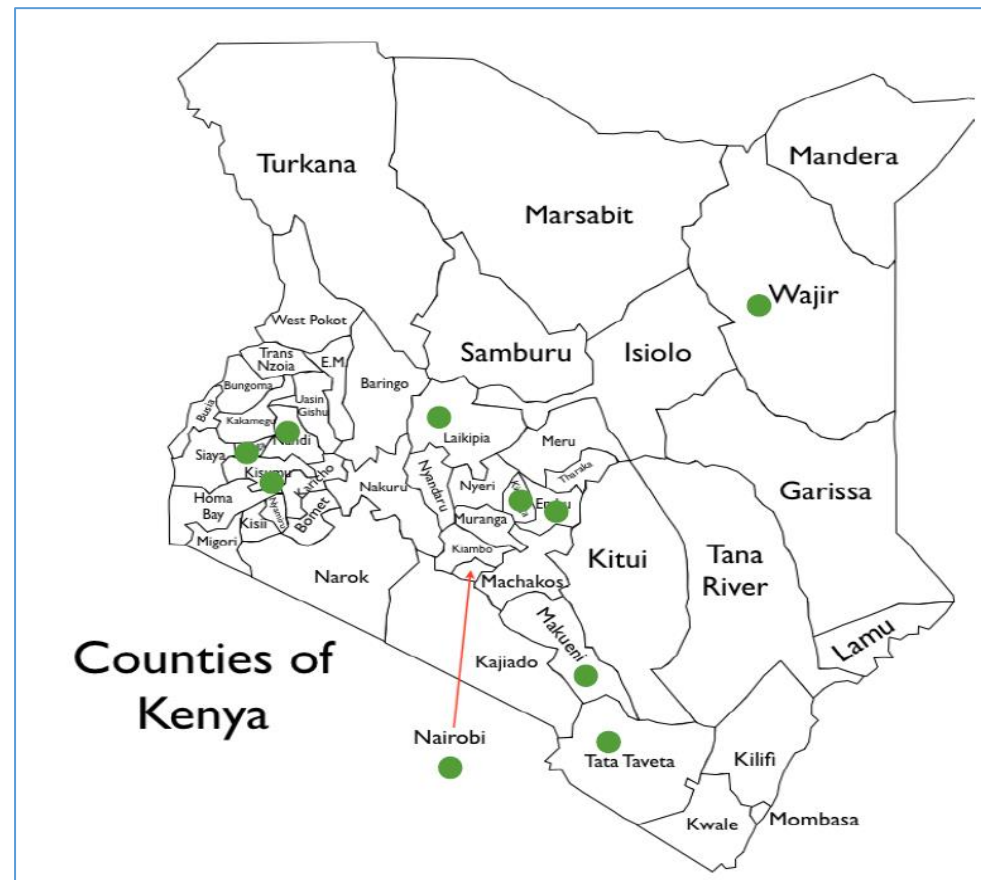
**Taita-
Taveta
County**



**Vihiga
County**



**Wajir
County**



Economic and Fiscal Assessment



Credit Risk Assessment

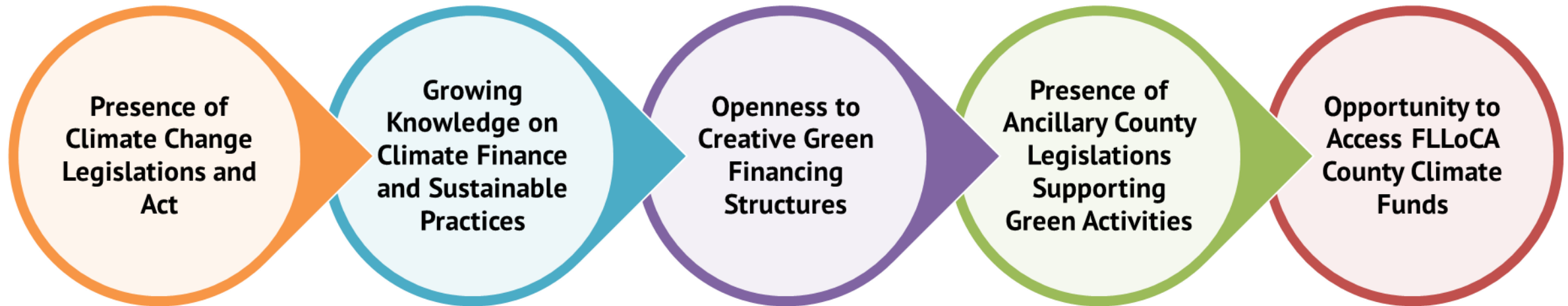
Creditworthiness

- Medium to High Risk Profile
- Low Own Source Revenue
- Low Fiscal Autonomy
- High Level of Pending Bills
- High Personnel Expenses above Regulatory Threshold
- Limited Financial Flexibility
- Favourable climatic condition suitable for agricultural activities
- Stable Political Environment

Counties	Shadow Credit Rating
Embu	Bb-
Kirinyaga	Bb-
Kisumu	Bb
Laikipia	Bb-
Makueni	Bb
Nairobi City	Bbb
Nandi	B+
Taita Taveta	B+
Vihiga	Bb-
Wajir	B+

- Ratings definitions in annex.
- Ratings assigned by Augusto&Co.

Green Finance Capability Assessment



County Green Asset and Investment Clusters

There are **4 clusters** that counties fall into regarding the green assets they possess and the type of green finance opportunities that represent low hanging fruit.

Agriculture food baskets

- Dominant and productive agriculture sector with a highly rural population.
- Low hanging fruit for green investment: Climate-resilient agriculture, water resource management, green agro-processing facilities.

ASAL ecosystems with high RE Potential

- Counties vulnerable to perennial drought but with high solar & wind energy potential.
- Low hanging fruit for green investment: Solar and wind energy generation; water infrastructure development, ecosystem rehabilitation.

Cities and urban centres

- Vibrant cities with high population densities.
- Low hanging fruit for green investment: Water and sewerage infrastructure; waste management; green affordable low-cost housing; green urban transport infrastructure

Rapidly urbanising counties

- Rapid urbanisation where the agriculture sector still dominates, but with strong emerging sectors.
- Low hanging fruit for green investment: Climate-resilient agriculture; eco-tourism; green agro-processing; green affordable low-cost housing; water infrastructure development

Top Green Finance Sectors in Counties

- Agriculture & Livestock
- Water & Sanitation
- Public Infrastructure
- Waste Management
- Energy
- Healthcare
- Eco-Tourism
- Housing
- Forestry
- Natural Resources
- Urban Development
- Green Trade & Industrialisation

Examples of County Green Projects

Embu County

Affordable Low-cost Green Housing Scheme in Embu (Majengo, Majimbo, Blue Valley & Spring Valley), Runyenjes, Siakago and Kiritiri

Kirinyaga County

Development of a climate-smart agro-industrial park at Sagana for Agro-processing of key agricultural products

Kisumu County

Upscaling of Public Infrastructure (upgrade of Kadinda – Soko road in Nyakach, existing markets & 200km rural access roads and connecting bridges)

Laikipia County

Development of Wind Mill (Laikipia North & West) and Solar Farms (Rumuruti) to generate electricity

Makueni County

Development of 20 mega watts solar farm along Wote-Makindu road.

Nairobi City County

Affordable Green Housing Schemes in Bahati, Jericho, Lumumba, Embakasi North, Ziwani, Maringo, Woodley, and Kariobangi North Estates

Nandi County

Construction of an Eco-Tea Factory at Nandi Hills and Aldai, completion of the Coffee Processing Plant at Tinderet

Vihiga County

Upgrade of water schemes (Maseno, Lunyerere & Kaimosi)

Taita-Taveta County

Refurbish and expand water harvesting and distribution networks (Mzima Springs, Njoro Kubwa Springs, Lake Chala and Kitopo Spring)

Wajir County

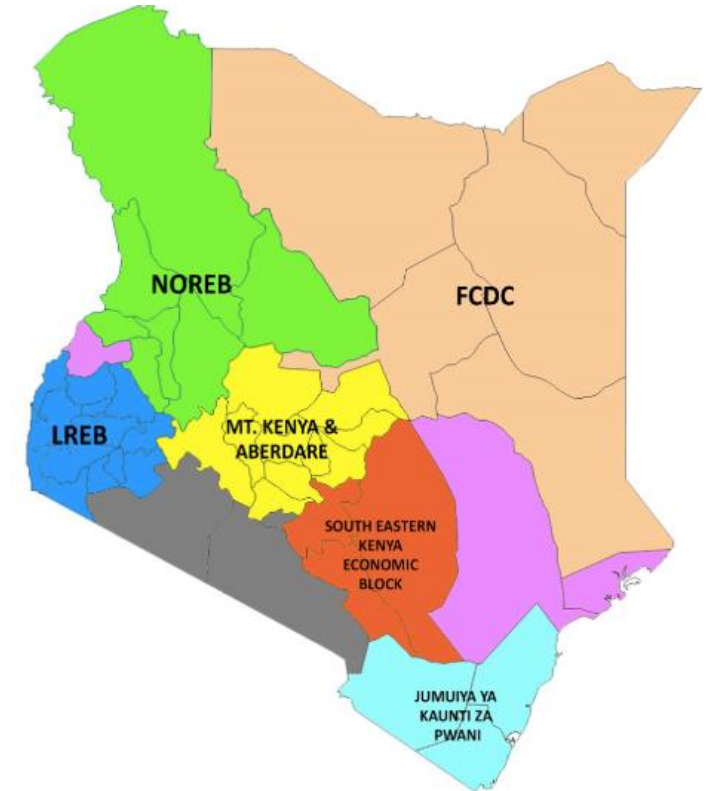
Development of renewable energy solutions - Solar and Wind Farms at Diff, Tarbaj, Hadado, Bute and Eldas

Key Challenges

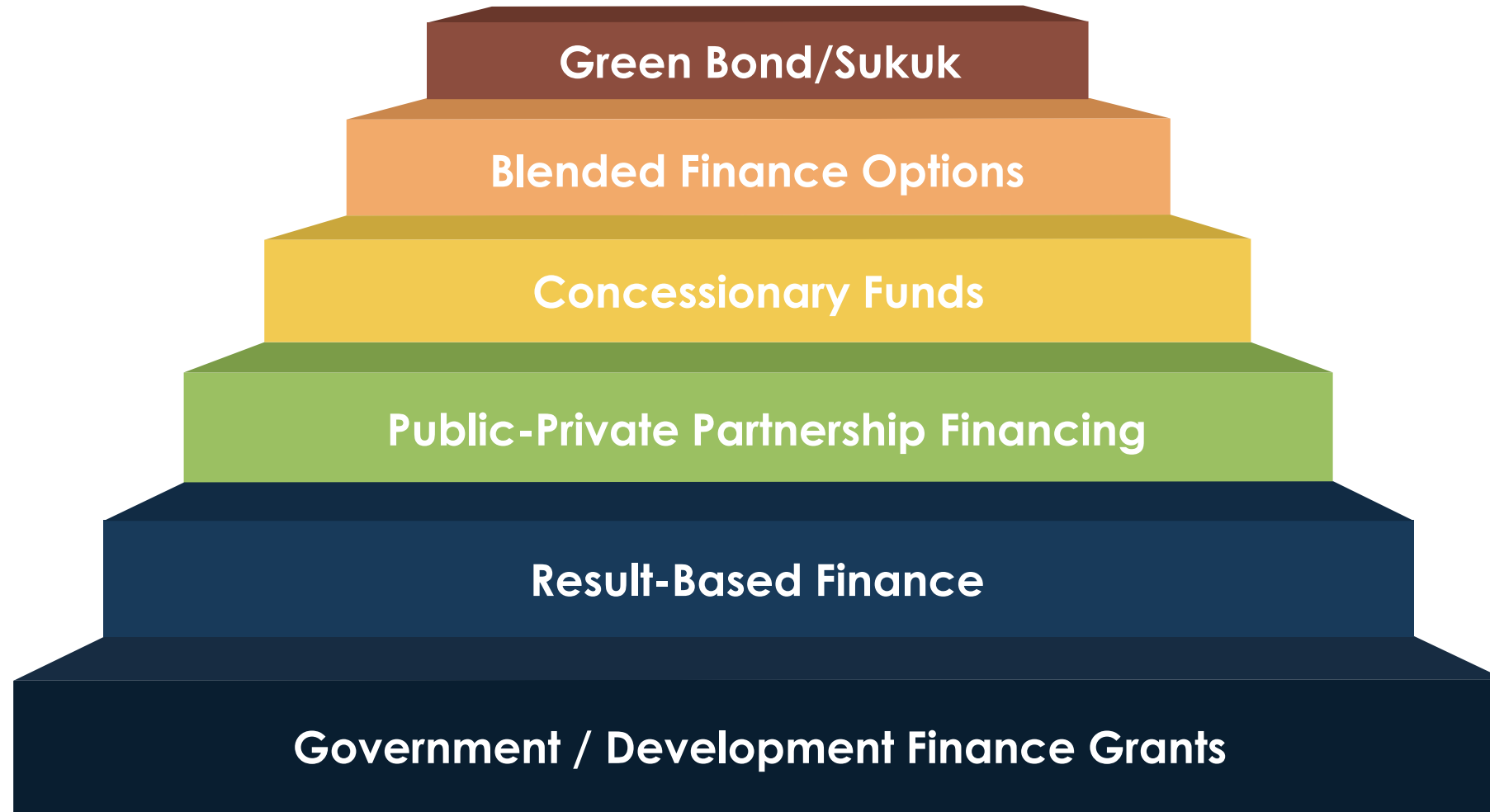
- **Ambition vs Viability:** Some counties have grand green finance ambitions but limited viable projects.
- **Ownership of projects:** High-potential green projects in some counties are owned by national government and/or shared across neighbouring counties.
- **Young Green Finance Market:** Limited precedence of green financial instrument use such as government green bonds (national or sub-national), translates to a shallow pool of local expertise.
- **Lack of regulatory clarity** on processes and approvals required if county government access debt-funded green finance.
- **County Credibility:** Most counties are not in a strong fiscal position, have a poor market reputation, and limited green finance and bond skills.
- **Fiscal Challenges:** National Government's fiscal position limits scale of funding available to guarantee debt- financed county green projects

Key Opportunities

- **The time is right:** Immense interest and enthusiasm for green finance by different stakeholders- National & County Government, Regulators, Private Sector, DFIs etc.
- **Momentum for strategic partnerships:** Different stakeholders with different mandates willing to join forces to scale green finance.
- **Appetite to learn:** By all stakeholders.
- **Kenya's ambition to pioneer and lead** Africa in green finance.
- **Openness to creative financial structures:** To enable the green finance markets to scale.
- **Aggregation** of general green financing opportunities at sub-national level.
- **Leverage County Regional Economic Blocs** for multi-county green financing opportunities.



County Green Financial Instrument Options



Green Islamic Finance Instruments

Some counties are well-positioned to implement projects by leveraging green finance opportunities with a particular focus on Islamic financial instruments such as:

Sukuks (Islamic Bonds)

Wajir County can issue Sukuks, which are interest-free bonds compliant with Shari'ah principles. These bonds represent ownership in a tangible asset, providing investors with a share of the returns generated by the underlying project.

Green Sukuks

Green Sukuks tailored for environment related projects, can be issued to fund Wajir County's initiatives in renewable energy, environmental conservation and sustainable development.

Musharakah (Joint Venture)

Musharakah, a form of partnership where the profits and losses are shared, could be applied to specific development projects, fostering collaboration between public and private entities.

Ijarah (Islamic Leasing)

Under Islamic leasing, known as Ijarah, the County could lease assets required for its projects, ensuring that the transactions comply with Shari'ah guidelines.

Murabaha

Wajir County could utilise Murabaha (sale of a commodity at a price that includes a profit margin agreed upon by both parties) to finance specific projects aimed at environmental conservation, renewable energy development such as generation of electricity from mini-grids.

Islamic Project Financing

Islamic project financing, involves partnerships such as public private partnerships (PPP) where profits and losses are shared, promoting a risk-sharing model.

Engagement with Islamic Financial Institutions

Collaboration with Islamic banks and financial institutions to facilitate the implementation of Shari'ah-compliant financial solutions.

The FSD Kenya County Green Project Preparation Facility

- From this assessment FSD Kenya will provide further technical support to all 10 counties through the County Green Project Preparation Facility.
- PwC Kenya has been selected as the manager of the Facility and will work with county governments to prepare priority green projects .
- PwC Kenya will report to FSD Kenya and responsible for:
 - ✓ Selection of Viable Green Projects
 - ✓ Preparation of County Green Projects
 - ✓ Investor Awareness and Engagement (to financial close where possible)
- FSD Kenya aims to scale the assessment and facility to additional counties across Kenya.



County green finance assessment reports

- **Embu County**

[Green finance assessment of Embu County – Full report](#)

[Green finance assessment factsheet – Embu County](#)

- **Kirinyaga County**

[Green finance assessment of Kirinyaga County](#)

[Green finance assessment factsheet – Kirinyaga County](#)

- **Kisumu County**

[Green finance assessment of Kisumu County – Full report](#)

[Green finance assessment factsheet – Kisumu County](#)

- **Laikipia County**

[Green finance assessment of Laikipia County – Full report](#)

[Green finance assessment factsheets- Laikipia County](#)

- **Makueni County**

[Green finance assessment of Makueni County -Full report](#)

[Green finance assessment factsheet – Makueni County](#)

- **Nairobi City County**

[Green finance assessment of Nairobi City County – Full report](#)

[Green finance assessment factsheet – Nairobi City County](#)

- **Nandi County**

[Green finance assessment of Nandi County – Full report](#)

[Green finance assessment factsheet – Nandi County](#)

- **Taita-Taveta County**

[Green finance assessment of Taita-Taveta – Full report](#)

[Green finance assessment factsheet – Taita-Taveta County](#)

- **Vihiga County**

[Green finance assessment of Vihiga County – Full report](#)

[Green finance assessment factsheet – Vihiga County](#)

- **Wajir County**

[Green finance assessment of Wajir County – Full report](#)

[Green finance assessment factsheet – Wajir County](#)

Annex: Details of Augusto & Co. Shadow Credit Ratings of the 10 Counties

FY2022/2023 (KES'BILLIONS)												
	Counties	Total Revenue	Total Expenditure	Total Debt	Total Pending Bills	County GCP to Kenya's GDP	Total Revenue to GCP	Exchequer to Total Revenue	OSR as a% of Total Revenue	Payroll as a % of Revenue	Capital to Total Expenditure	Shadow Credit Rating
1	Embu	6.86	6.11	-	1.37	1.50%	4%	90%	10%	50%	19%	Bb-
2	Kirinyaga	7.07	6.44	-	0.23	1.30%	4%	91%	9%	41%	19%	Bb-
3	Kisumu	10.3	9.08	-	2.04	2.50%	3%	89%	11%	50%	17%	Bb
4	Laikipia	6.68	6.55	-	2.05	0.96%	5%	85%	15%	55%	10%	Bb-
5	Makueni	10.46	9.85	-	0.42	1.10%	9%	91%	9%	42%	26%	Bb
6	Nairobi City	32.06	30.71	4.5	107.33	27.5%	1%	69%	31%	38%	12%	Bbb
7	Nandi	8.06	7.93	-	0.17	1.60%	4%	98%	2%	46%	25%	B+
8	Taita Taveta	6.5	6.13	-	1.02	0.60%	9%	93%	7%	50%	7%	B+
9	Vihiga	6.68	5.95	-	1.35	0.80%	5%	96%	4%	38%	22%	Bb-
10	Wajir	11.06	10.23	-	5.51	0.50%	17%	99.6%	0.04%	41%	23%	B+

Annex: Augusto & Co. Rating Definitions

Aaa	A county with the best financial condition and the strongest capacity to meet obligations as and when they fall due relative to all other issuers in the same country.
Aa	A county with a very strong financial condition and a very strong capacity to meet obligations as and when they fall due relative to all other issuers in the same country.
A	A county with a good financial condition and a strong capacity to meet obligations as and when they fall due relative to all other issuers in the same country.
Bbb	A county with a satisfactory financial condition and adequate capacity to meet obligations as and when they fall due relative to all other issuers in the same country.
Bb	A county with a satisfactory financial condition but limited capacity to meet obligations as and when they fall due relative to all other issuers in the same country.
B	A county with a weak financial condition and weak capacity to meet obligations as and when they fall due relative to all other issuers in the same country.
C	A county with a very weak financial condition and very weak capacity to meet obligations as and when they fall due relative to all other issuers in the same country.
D	County in default.

Rating Category Modifiers

A "+" (plus) or "-" (minus) sign may be assigned to ratings from 'Aa' to 'C' to reflect a comparative position within the rating category. Therefore, a rating with + (plus) attached to it is a notch higher than a rating without the + (plus) sign and two notches higher than a rating with the - (minus) sign.



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